HIGHLIGHTS BY SEGMENT

Fujitsu Limited and Consolidated Subsidiaries Information presented under old segments through to the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020

	Technology Solutions		
	Services	System Platforms	Ubiquitous Solutions
cal 2019 Highlights	Revenue For the second consecutive fiscal year, solutions and system integration business posted record revenue thanks to favorable performances not only in the manufacturing and distribution industries but also in the public sector, centered on national government agencies, local governments, and healthcare services. Infrastructure services business recorded a decline in revenue as firm revenue from outsourcing and other monthly fee services in Japan was unable to fully offset negative factors. These factors included the absence of the previous fiscal year's major business agreements on infrastructure construction, yen appreciation, lackluster sales in North America, and withdrawal from European countries where businesses were underperforming. Overall revenue from the services business was largely unchanged year on year. If the effect of foreign exchange rates is excluded, however, the revenue of the business grew 1.5%. Operating Profit Derating profit increased significantly year on year because recognition of North American business restructuring expenses as business model transformation expenses was more than compensated for by the actual business in Japan realizing increased revenue from solutions and system integration and by improved profitability in infrastructure services, which was attributable to lower-cost maintenance components and standardization of management support operations.	Revenue Sales rose thanks to an increase in mainframe-related business agreements in the system products business and the commencement of shipments of next-generation supercomputer Fugaku. In the network products business, sales grew, reflecting the beginning of delivery of 5G base stations and an increase in business agreements on the reinforcement of optical fiber networks in preparation for the expansion of 5G. Operating Profit Atthough expenses for the consolidation of factories in Japan were recognized as business model transformation expenses, the product mix improved as a consequence of a rise in mainframe-related business agreements in the system products business, while cost reductions stemmed from lower-priced key devices. Other contributions to profits included higher revenue from the network products business and progress in increasing efficiency in relation to operating expenses.	Revenue In Japan, revenue rose steeply on demand driven by workstyle reform, demand associated with a consumption tax hike, and continued replacement demand arising from the end of the Windows 7 support period. Overseas, revenue declined due to further appreciation of the yen against the euro. Operating Profit Operating soft grew because of higher revenue; improved profitability resulting from lower-priced key devices, such as memory; and the absence of the previous fiscal year's business model transformation expenses.
VENUE rrs ended March 31)	(Billions of yen) 4,000 3,283.3 2,765 3,126.6 3,052.7 3,123.7 3,163.2 3,000 2,624.2 2,598.3 1,107 1,211.7 Solutions and 5ystem Integration 2,000 518.1 502.3 454.3 273.4 299.7 Network Products 0 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Services System Platforms Note: Includes intersegment sales		(Billions of yen) 1,500 1,040.9 1,000 645.5 645.5 663.9 509.9 547.8 500 389.5 0 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 PCs/Mobile Phones Mobilewear O Ubiquitous Solutions Note: Includes intersegment sales
perating Profit (Loss) / perating Profit (Loss) argin urs ended March 31)	100 50 50	248.5 (%) 10.0 10.0 7.9 8.0 6.2 6.0 6.0 4.0 2.0 2018 2019 2020 0.0 ight)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)

Note: On November 1, 2017, Fujitsu transferred a portion of the Company's shareholding in Fujitsu TEN Limited to DENSO CORPORATION. As a result, Fujitsu TEN became classified as a discontinued business. It has therefore been excluded from the revenue and operating profit of the Ubiquitous Solutions business in the fiscal years ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018.

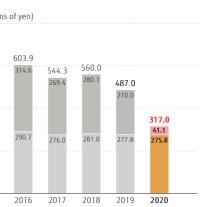
Device Solutions

2

declined primarily due to exclusions from the scope of tion of a semiconductor sales company and an electronic nt manufacturing company in the previous fiscal year and the uctor plant in Mie Prefecture in the fiscal year ended March 31, ich was in accordance with the plant's restructuring. Excluding t of business restructuring, revenue grew because of higher or electronic components.

ng Profit (Loss)

ting loss was recorded due to restructuring expenses arising electronic component business and the removal of the luctor plant in Mie Prefecture from the scope of consolidation. the impact of the restructuring, operating profit was almost ed year on year.



Electronic Components ncludes intersegment sales



perating profit (loss) (left) perating profit (loss) margin (right)