Interview to Head of Corporate Top Message Environmental Strategy Unit

Special Feature: Human Centric Intelligent Society Fujitsu Group Environmental Action Plan Stage VII

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# **Environmental Performance Data Calculation Standards**

Subject Period: April 1, 2014-March 31, 2015

Scope: Fujitsu and the Fujitsu Group (For details, refer to the List of Companies Covered by the Report on Environmental Activities.)

#### Chapter I Contribution to Society (Fujitsu Group Environmental Action Plan (Stage VII) "Contribution to Society")

Target Item	Indicator	Unit	Calculation Method
Contribute to reducing cumulative greenhouse gas emissions from customers and society by 38 million tons or more	Reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions through the provision of ICT	Tons	Calculated by multiplying annual sales of each solution category by a conversion factor of CO2e (carbon dioxide equivalent) savings per unit of sales, which is based on around 300 case studies of Environmentally Conscious Solutions in Japan.
Make 50% or more of new products top-level energy efficient	The percentage of new products that are top-level energy efficient	%	The percentage of top-level*1 energy efficient products with respect to the number of product series that are expected to be developed.  *1 Top-level energy efficiency: Achieve more than 25% of the market benchmark in energy efficiency, on a par with "top-runner" products (first in the world or industry).
Improve resource efficiency of new products to 35% or higher versus FY 2011.	Rate of improvement of resource efficiency of new products	%	The average rate of improvement of resource efficiency*1 (versus FY 2011) of products.  *1 Hardware products, under the Fujitsu brand, newly developed in FY 2013–15. Excludes products not designed by Fujitsu (OEM products) and products designed under customer specifications.  *Refer to "Improving resource efficiency of new products" for the resource efficiency calculation method.
With society, support our employees to volunteer in social activities	Hours of social contribution activities by employees	Hours	Overall contribution hours = ∑ participants*1 × activity hours  *1 For events organized by the Fujitsu Group, participants also include employee families, stakeholders, etc.

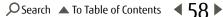
## **Chapter II Pursuing Internal Reforms**

(Fujitsu Group Environmental Action Plan (Stage VII) "Pursuing Internal Reforms" "On-going Management Targets")

Target Item	Indicator	Unit	Calculation Method
Reduce greenhouse gas emissions from business sites to 20% below, or lower than, FY 1990 levels.	GHG emissions	Tons CO2	CO₂ emissions: ∑(Electricity, fuel oil, gas, and district heating and cooling annual usage) × CO₂ conversion factor for each type of energy*¹)  *1 CO₂ conversion factor: The factor is based on sources including an energy and industrial process subcommittee report (related to fuel) issued under the auspices of an investigative committee on greenhouse gas emissions conversion calculation methods organized by the Japanese Ministry of the Environment in FY 2002. In FY 2002 and later, the conversion factor for electricity is 0.407 tons CO₂/Mbh (fixed). The conversion factor for district heating and cooling is 0.061 tons CO₂/G).  GHG emissions other than CO₂: Annual emissions of HFCs, PFCs, SF6, and NF₃ at three semiconductor plants (Mie Fujitsu Semiconductor Limited, Ai₂ Fujitsu Semiconductor Wafer Solution Limited, and Ai₂x Fujitsu Semiconductor Manufacturing Limited). ∑CAnnual emissions for each type of gas*¹ × Global warming potential for each gas was done the calculation method used by the industries of electrical and electronics: Amount of each gas used (or purchased) × Reactant consumption rate × Removal efficiency, etc.  *2 Global Warming Potential (GWP): IPCC (Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Chanqe) Third Assessment Report "Climate Chanqe 2001."
	Percentage reduction in total greenhouse gas emissions	% reduction	(Total GHG emissions in FY 1990 – Total GHG emissions in the fiscal year) / Total GHG emissions in FY 1990 × 100

Target Item	Indicator	Unit	Calculation Method
Improve energy intensity at our business sites by an average 1% or more each year.  Rate of improvement of energy intensity		%	The improvement rate, year on year, for each business site's energy rate index is a weighted average of the proportion to the site's overall energy usage. These values are added to calculate our total improvement rate. $\Sigma$ (% improvement year-on-year in each business site's rate index $\times$ wt% proportion of overall energy usage) Target business sites: Japan (energy management plants specified under the Act on the Rational Use of Energy), UK and Australia offices
Reduce CO <sub>2</sub> emissions per sales from transport	CO2 emissions per sales from transport	Tons/100 million yen	Transport CO <sub>2</sub> emissions/sales (100 million yen)
over 1% (on average) compared to FY 2013 .	Reduction rate of CO <sub>2</sub> emissions compared to FY 2013	% reduction	(FY 2013 transport CO <sub>2</sub> emissions per sales - FY 2014 transport CO <sub>2</sub> emissions per sales) / FY 2013 transport CO <sub>2</sub> emissions per sales $\times$ 100
Expand activities for reducing CO <sub>2</sub> emissions to business partners in all fields.  The proportion of business partners at or above stage 2 activities (the implementation of CO <sub>2</sub> reduction and minimization activities with numerical targets)		%	The proportion, with respect to all major business partners, of business partners implementing activities at or above stage 2
Increase generation capacity and	Adoption of solar power generation	kW	Total rated capacity of solar power generation facilities installed at business sites
procurement of renewable energy.	Amount of green power purchased	kWh	Among of green power purchased for exhibitions and events, such as the Fujitsu Forum, the Annual Shareholders' Meeting, etc.
Continue efforts for efficient use of water.	Water usage	m³	Annual use of clean water, industrial water, and groundwater (Not including groundwater extracted for purification or used for melting snow)
e.g. water recycling and water saving.	Amount of recycled water	m³	Annual amount of water used for manufacturing and other purposes, then recovered, processed, and used again for manufacturing and other processes
Reduce chemical emissions to less than the average level of FY 2009–2011. (PRTR: 21t, VOC: 258t)	Emissions of substances subject to VOC emissions restrictions	Tons	For the 20 VOCs (Volatile Organic Compounds) specified in the environmental voluntary action plans of four electrical and electronic business organizations*1, total amounts released are provided for those substances handled in quantities exceeding 100 kg annually at individual business sites.
	Volume of PRTR- targeted substances	Tons	For the substances covered by the PRTR law (Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof), released totals are provided for those substances handled in quantities exceeding 100 kg annually per business site.
Reduce waste to less than the average level of FY 2007–2011. (Waste generated: 31,134 t)	Amount of Waste Generated	Tons	Total amount for industrial waste and general waste generated by factories and offices (Thermal recycling volume + Material recycling volume + Disposal volume)
	Effective utilization ratio (Japan only)	%	(Amount of effective use (thermal recycling & material recycling) / amount of waste generated) × 100
Maintain over 90% resource reuse rate of business ICT equipment at Fujitsu recycling centers.	Resource reuse rate of business ICT equipment	%	Based on the calculation method provided by JEITA, recycled components and resources as a percentage of the weight of used products processed in Japan. Excludes collected waste other than used electronic products.

<sup>\*1</sup> Four electrical and electronic business organizations: The Japan Electrical Manufactures' Association (JEMA), Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association (JEITA), Communications and Information Network Association of Japan (CIAJ), and Japan Business Machine and Information System Industries Association (JBMIA)





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### **Environmental Liabilities**

Indicator	Unit	Calculation Method
Cost for environmental liabilities	Yen	<ol> <li>Asset retirement obligation (Only asbestos removal cost related to facility disposal)</li> <li>Cost for soil contamination measures</li> <li>Disposal processing cost for waste with high concentrations of PCB (polychlorinated biphenyl)</li> </ol>

## GHG Emissions Report based on GHG Protocol Standards

Indicator		Unit	Calculation Method	
	Purchased goods and services	Tons	Components purchased during the fiscal year × Emissions per unit of purchases (Source: Embodied Energy and Emission Intensity Data (3EID) published by the National Institute for Environ mental Studies Center for Global Environmental Research)	
	Capital goods		Monetary value of capital × Emissions value per unit of capital value (Source: Embodied Energy and Emission Intensity Data (3EID) published by the National Institute for Environmental Studies Center for Global Environmental Research)	
	Fuel and energy – related activities not included in Scopes 1 and 2	Tons	Annual amounts of fuel oil and gas, electricity and heat purchased (consumed) mainly at business sites owned by Fujitsu × Emissions per unit (Source: Basic Guidelines for Calculating Greenhouse Gas Emissions Via Supply Chains and the Carbon Footprint Communication Program Basic Database Ver. 1 published by the Ministry of the Environment and the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry)	
	Transportation and distribution (upstream)	Tons	Transportation of goods within Japan: CO2 emissions related to the transportation of goods within Japan by the Fujitsu Group. CO2 emissions related to domestic transportation by the Fujitsu Group, based on the Act on the Rational Use of Energy. The fuel economy method (for some vehicles) or the improved ton-kilometer method (vehicle, rail, air, ship).	
Upstream	(upstream)	Tons	International transport/overseas local transport: transportation ton-kilometers × emission per unit (source: GHG protocol emissions coefficient database)	
(Scope 3)	Waste generated in operations	Tons	Annual amounts of waste (discharged mainly by business sites owned by Fujitsu) processed or recycled, by type and processing method × Emissions per unit of annual amount of waste processed or recycled (Source: Basic Guidelines for Calculating Greenhouse Gas Emissions Via Supply Chains published by the Ministry of the Environment and the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry)	
	Business travel		(By means of transport) Σ (Transportation expense payment × Emissions per unit) (Source: Basic Guidelines for Calculating Greenhouse Gas Emissions Via Supply Chains Ver. 2.1 and E Unit Database Ver. 2.1 published by the Ministry of the Environment and the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry)	
	Employee commuting	Tons	For portions of commute by public transportation: (By means of transport) Σ (Transportation expense payment x Emissions per unit) (Source: As above) For portions of commute by private automobile: Σ (Transported persons-kilometer × Emissions per unit) (Source: As above) Transported persons-kilometer is calculated from transportation expense payment, price of gasoline, and fuel efficiency.	
	Leased assets (Upstream)	Tons	Annual amounts of fuel oil, gas, electricity, and heat consumed mainly at leased business sites in Japan × Emissions per unit of fuel oil, gas, electricity, and heat consumed (Source: Act on Promotion of Global Warming Countermeasures - GHG Emissions Accounting, Reporting, and Disclosure System)	
Reporting	Direct emissions	Tons	Amount of CO2 emissions from the consumption of fuel oil and gas (burning of fuel), and GHG emissions, other than CO2 mainly at business sites owned by Fujitsu *For the calculation method, see "Greenhouse gas emissions (CO2 emissions) from business sites" in the Environmental Action Plan (Stage VII).	
company (Scopes 1, 2)	Indirect emissions from energy sources	Tons	CO2 emissions from the consumption (purchase) of electricity and heat mainly at business sites owned by Fujitsu *For the calculation method, see "Greenhouse gas emissions (GHG emissions other than CO2) at business sites" in the Environmental Action Plan (Stage VII).	
Use of sold products  Downstream		Tons	Electricity consumption during product use × Emissions per unit of electricity (Source: Daily averages for FY 2004–2008 from the Summary of Electrify Demand and Supply published by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry, Agency for Natural Resources and Energy, Electricity and Gas Industry Department) Electricity consumption during product use is calculated as electricity usage for the anticipated usage time per product unit × Units shipped for the subject fiscal year. Electricity usage for the anticipated usage time per product unit is calculated as electricity consumed (kw) × Time used (h) / Days × Number of days used / Year X Number of years used. Time used (h), number of days used per year, and number of years used are set according to Fujitsu's internal scenarios.	
(Scope 3)	End-of-life treatment of sold products	Tons	(Weight of all sold products / Weight of products processed at Fujitsu's recycling centers during the year) × Electricity used at Fujitsu's recycling centers during the year × Emissions per unit of electricity (Source: Daily averages for FY 2009–2013 from the Summary of Electrify Demand and Supply published by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry, Agency for Natural Resources and Energy, Electricity and Gas Industry Department)	

## Supplementary Data

Indicator	Unit	Calculation Method
Measured value of groundwater pollution	mg/L	The highest measurements in the fiscal year for substances detected at levels exceeding regulated levels set in the Soil Contamination Countermeasures Act etc. at monitoring wells at the boundaries of sites where past business activities have resulted in soil contamination.

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## Operating Activities and Environmental Load (Material Balance)

Indicator			Unit	Calculation Method
INPUT				
	Raw Materia	ls	Tons	Material inputs to our major products $^{*1}$ shipped in the fiscal year (raw materials per unit for each product $\times$ the number of units shipped in the fiscal year)
	Chemical Substances	Volume of substances subject to VOC emissions restrictions	Tons	For the 20 VOCs (Volatile Organic Compounds) specified in the environmental voluntary action plans of four electrical and electronic business organizations* <sup>2</sup> , total amounts handled are provided for those substances handled in quantities exceeding 100 kg annually at individual business sites, including overseas sites.  Substances subject to VOC emissions controls that are also covered by the PRTR law are included in the section on substances subject to VOC emissions controls
Design		Volume of PRTR-targeted substances	Tons	For the substances covered by the PRTR law (Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof), totals are provided for those substances handled in quantities exceeding 100 kg annually per business site, including overseas sites.
Procurement	Water usage		m³	<ul> <li>For the calculation method, see "Water use" in the Environmental Action Plan (Stage VII).</li> </ul>
Manufacturing Development	Energy consu (calorie basis		GJ	∑((Electricity, fuel oil, gas, and district heating and cooling annual usage) × Thermal conversion factor for each type of energy*1) *1 Thermal conversion factor (Heating value unit): Based on sources including a table of standard heating values for specific energy sources published in February 2012 by the Agency for Natural Resources and Energy. Conversion factors of 9.83 GJ/MWh for electricity, and 46.1 GJ/1,000m³ for town gas were used.
		Purchased electricity	MWh	Annual electricity usage
		Bunker A, fuel oil, light oil, benzine, gasoline	kL	Annual fuel oil usage (or purchases)
		Natural gas	m³	Annual natural gas usage (or purchases)
		Town gas	m³	Annual town gas usage (or purchases)
		LPG	Tons	Annual LPG usage (or purchases)
		LNG	Tons	Annual LNG usage (or purchases)
		District heating and cooling	GJ	Annual district heating and cooling (cold and hot water for cooling and heating) usage (or purchases)
Distribution/ Sales	Energy consumed for transport		GJ	Total value of transport energy consumption for Fujitsu*1 and Fujitsu Group companies*2  *1 Fujitsu (domestic transport): Energy consumption related to domestic transport by the Fujitsu Group, based on the Act on the Rational Use of Energy "Logistics."  *2 Fujitsu Group Companies: Calculated from the transport CO2 emissions from OUTPUT (distribution and sales) using the ratio of Fujitsu (domestic transport) transport energy consumption to transport CO2 emissions.
Usage	Energy	Electricity	GWh GJ	Electricity consumed in connection with major products*1 shipped during  the fiscal year (Amount of electricity used for time estimated per product unit × units shipped in the fiscal year)
Collection/Reuse/	Resource rec	ycling rate	%	Based on the calculation method provided by JEITA, recycled components
Recycling	Processed vo	<u></u>	Tons	and resources as a percentage of the weight of used products processed in Japan. Excludes collected waste other than used electronic products.

Indicator			Unit	Calculation Method
OUTPUT				
	Raw Materials	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions	Tons CO2	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions related to all stages from resource extraction through processing into raw materials (CO <sub>2</sub> emissions equivalent for raw materials used per product unit × Units shipped in the fiscal year) for the raw materials used in major products* <sup>1</sup> shipped in the fiscal year.
	Chemical Substances	Volume of substances subject to VOC emissions restrictions	Tons	For the 20 VOCs (Volatile Organic Compounds) specified in the environmental voluntary action plans of four electrical and electronic business organizations, *2 total amounts released are provided for those substances handled in quantities exceeding 100 kg annually at individual business sites, including overseas sites. Substances subject to VOC emissions controls that are also covered by the PRTR law are included in the section on substances subject to VOC emissions controls
		Volume of PRTR-targeted substances	Tons	For the substances covered by the PRTR law (Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof), released totals are provided for those substances handled in quantities exceeding 100 kg annually per business site, including overseas sites.
Design	Atmospheric Release	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions	Tons CO <sub>2</sub>	<ul> <li>For the calculation method, see "Greenhouse gas emissions (CO2 emissions) from business sites" in the Environmental Action Plan (Stage VII).</li> </ul>
Procurement		GHG emissions other than CO <sub>2</sub>	Tons	* For the calculation method, see "Greenhouse gas emissions (GHG emissions other than CO <sub>2</sub> ) at business sites" in the Environmental Action Plan (Stage VII).
Manufacturing Development		NOx emissions	Tons	NOx concentration (ppm) $\times$ 10 $^6$ $\times$ Dry gas emissions (m <sup>3</sup> N/hr) $\times$ Operating time (hr/yr) $\times$ 46/22.4 $\times$ 10 $^3$
bevelopment		SOx emissions	Tons	SOx concentration (ppm) $\times$ 10-6 $\times$ Dry gas emissions (m <sup>3</sup> N/hr) $\times$ Operating time (hr/yr) $\times$ 64/22.4 $\times$ 10-3
	Water	Wastewater discharges	${\sf m}^3$	Annual water discharges into public waterways and sewers (Not including groundwater used for melting snow)
	Discharge	BOD emissions	Tons	BOD concentration (mg/l) $\times$ Water discharges (m <sup>3</sup> /yr) $\times$ 10 <sup>-6</sup>
		COD emissions	Tons	COD concentration (mg/l) $\times$ Water discharges(m <sup>3</sup> /yr) $\times$ 10 <sup>-6</sup>
	Waste	Amount of Waste Generated	Tons	* For the calculation method, see "Waste generated."
		Thermal recycling volume	Tons	Among all types of waste put to effective use, the total volume used in thermal recycling  * Thermal recycling: Recovery and use of the heat energy generated by incinerating waste.
		Material recycling volume	Tons	Among all types of waste put to effective use, the total volume used in material recycling  * Material recycling: Processing of waste to facilitate its re-use, and re-use of processed waste as material or raw materials for new products.
		Disposal volume	Tons	Volume of industrial and general waste processed by, for example, landfilling or simple incineration
Distribution / Sales	Atmospheric Release		Tons CO <sub>2</sub>	<ul> <li>For the calculation method, see Transportation and distribution (upstream)" in the GHG Emissions Report based on GHG Protocol Standards.</li> </ul>
Usage	Atmospheric Release		Tons CO <sub>2</sub>	Emission intensity per electricity has changed since FY2014. For the calculation method, see "Use of sold products" in the GHG Emissions Report based on GHG Protocol Standards.

<sup>\*1</sup> Major products: Personal computers, mobile phones, servers, workstations, storage systems, printers, scanners, financial terminals, retail terminals, routers, LAN access equipment, access network products, mobile phone base stations, and electronic devices.
\*2 Four electrical and electronic business organizations: The Japan Electrical Manufactures' Association (JEMA), Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association (JEITA), Communications and Information Network Association of Japan (CIAJ), and Japan Business Machine and Information System Industries Association (JBMIA).